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BESSIE MORSE BELLINGRATH

SEMMES NURSERIES

SEMMES . ALABAMA

Telephone: Mobile, Ala., 6-9054

Wholesale Only
FALL 1947 • SPRING 1948



LADY CLARE



Propagating Houses

WHOLESALE PRICE-LIST FALL, 1947 • SPRING, 1948

SEMMES NURSERIES

FORMERLY KIYONO NURSERIES

SEMMES, ALA.

(15 miles northwest of Mobile, Ala., on U. S. Highway 42) Long Distance Telephone, Mobile, Ala.: 6-9054

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE

Prices. 5 and 50 of same variety and size at 10 and 100 rates, respectively.

Carload Orders on B&B plants (or if trucks are sent to our nurseries for them, and we do not have to pack the plants) will be very attractively priced.

Specimen Stock selected or marked by our customers in the nursery will be charged for according to its value, and higher than listed prices.

Terms of Payment. Cash with order, from unknown customers or those who prefer to earn discount. When cash is sent with order, we offer discount of 3 per cent and boxing is free, which means a total saving of about 10 per cent. If remittance is by Post Office Money Order, it should be made payable to us at Mobile, Ala.

C. O. D. shipment will be considered as a cash order only when deposit of 25 per cent is sent with order.

For charge accounts, our terms are 60 days net, boxing at cost. New accounts opened only upon receipt of trade references, allowing time for investigation.

references, allowing time for investigation.

Transportation. Please state whether you want your shipments by Parcel Post, Express, or Freight. If no instructions are given, we will use our best judgment in selecting best method of shipment. We make no charge for delivery to railroad station, but our responsibility ceases when goods are turned over to carrier, and risk and cost of transportation belong to purchaser.

Claim. All claims must be made immediately on receipt of stock. We shall be glad to rectify any mistake made by us, but in no case will our liability be more than the purchase price.

Condition of Sale. We accept all orders on condition that they shall be void should injury beyond our control befall the stock, and subject to all Government regulations affecting labor, materials, and transportation.

> Prices in this list cancel all previous quotations and are subject to change without notice



Camellia House showing 6 to 8-in. and 8 to 10-in. plants

CAMELLIA JAPONICA

It is common knowledge that there is some confusion in the horticultural names of Camellia japonica, but we have carefully checked the blooms and general characteristics of the varieties in our large collection in an effort to eliminate any duplications. We believe that others in the trade will generally recognize the varieties we offer in this catalog by the names under which they are listed.

Camellias are not difficult to grow. Many fine old specimen plants are to be found scattered throughout the Lower South, where they have been growing for years with but little care, and thriving on practically all types of land characteristic of the region. However, they prefer and do best on a good, well-drained soil that has a slight acid reaction. Good garden soil is suitable, but it can be made better by adding leaf-mold and peat moss. In heavy, stiff soils a small quantity of sand is also beneficial.

In most soils, especially on clay lands, cottonseed meal alone, or a mixture composed of $\frac{2}{3}$ cottonseed meal and $\frac{1}{3}$ acid phosphate, is an excellent fertilizer. Other good fertilizing materials, which are likewise acid in their reaction, are well-rotted cow-manure, tankage, castor pomace, sulphate of ammonia and muriate of potash. At the present time these materials may not be available, in which case we suggest a mixture of $\frac{1}{2}$ good garden soil, $\frac{1}{4}$ well-rotted cow-manure, $\frac{1}{4}$ peat or leaf-mold, well mixed.

The Camellia is less subject to disease and insect enemies than most other evergreen shrubs, but sometimes the foliage is attacked by scales. When this occurs, they should be sprayed with a miscible oil preparation and care taken to wet the underside of the leaves thoroughly as well as the top. Volck



12 to 18 in., branched but without buds

18 to 24 in., branched but without buds

2 to 3 ft., branched but without buds

used at the rate of 1 part to 50 parts of water is effective.

The Camellia is the handsomest of all the broad-leaved evergreen blooming plants for southern gardens. It is long-lived and its beauty and monetary value increases rapidly as the plants grow older. The many new and fine varieties of recent introduction have added enormously to its popularity, and its use as a high-class cut-flower has opened up a much broader field for its distribution.

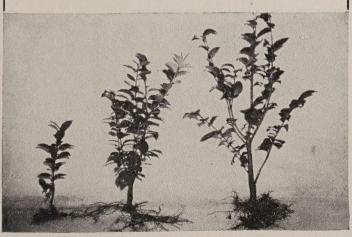
On the following pages we are listing a complete range of sizes, from very small plants suitable for growing on under lath or in greenhouses, to finished, well-rounded specimens for immediate landscape effects.

Contrary to popular belief, Camellias in SMALL and MEDIUM sizes can be handled safely and satisfactorily BARE-ROOTED, like other broad-leaved evergreens. We have been moving them bare-root for years, to our own lath-houses and fields and to many of our customers in distant states with most gratifying results. Substantial savings are effected not only in the cost of the plants themselves but in transportation, labor, and packing materials as well. We recommend this method for the sizes indicated in the bare-root column but specimen plants should be dug B&B.

6 to 8 in.

12 to 18 in.

18 to 24 in.





2 to 2½-ft. and 3 to 4-ft. Specimen Camellias, B&B Our specimen Camellias are grown in full sun and are well branched and compact.

CLASS A CAMELLIAS

The varieties offered in this class have been selected because of unusual merit and proved reliability under practically all conditions where Camellias are grown. Generally recognized by authorities as being the most outstanding and satisfactory of all the standard sorts

ALBA PLENA. Snow-white, very double, good-sized flowers. Very early but a poor grower, and does not set buds when young. 6 to 8 in. and 8 to 12 in. only.



Chandleri elegans. Peony form

CHANDLERI ELEGANS. One of the largest peony-flowering Camellias. Cherry-red with white variegation. Some are thick peony-like flowers with 500 petals, but some flowers are loose peony form with yellow stamens.

HERMES. Very large, loose peony-form blooms of elegant shape. Pink and red variegated with white margin.



LADY VAN SITTART. Large, semi-double, attractive, deep pink flowers. Leaves long, narrow-pointed and slightly crinkled. Upright grower and free bloomer.



Monarch

MONARCH. The deep pink flowers are of enormous size, having many clusters of stamens and petals inside of larger outer petals, making a single flower equal to a bouquet. Beautiful foliage and compact grower.

OTOME. Similar to Pink Perfection but much larger flowers, with each end of petals fading to lighter shade of shell-pink. Sizes to 2½ to 3 ft.



Hermes



Pink Perfection

PINK PERFECTION. Very double, clear shell-pink flowers of dainty form, liked by many. The plants start blooming when very young, coming early in the season and continuing in profusion for a long time. Sizes to $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.

PRINCE EUGENE NAPOLEON (Pope Pius IX). Very double, scarlet flowers of good size from early to midseason. Good, compact grower. Sizes to $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.

PROF. C. S. SARGENT. Very thick, peony-form, solid crimson blooms of medium size.



Prof. C. S. Sargent

Priced Per 100	Prices of Class A Camellias Bare-root B&B
6 to 8 in	
8 to 12 in	40 00
12 to 18 in., branched	60 00 \$85 00
18 to 24 in., branched, but withou	
2 to 3 ft., branched, but withou	t buds. 110 00 150 00
Priced Each	
18 to 24 in., specimen	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen	4 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., specimen	6 00
3 to 4 ft., specimen	8 50
4 to 5 ft., specimen	11 00



Specimen Camellias in Field

CLASS B CAMELLIAS

This class includes some of the best kinds, often as good as our A Class, but because of a little more plentiful supply, we are listing these excellent varieties at much lower prices.

- MRS. ABBY WILDER. Peony-shaped white flowers, medium to large, with tiny splashes of pink, Compact and good grower.
- BROOKLYANA. A bushy grower with large, light-colored leaves. Flowers of medium size, very double, pink mottled with white.
- BROWN'S RED. Probably the darkest red Camellia of semi-double form. Pointed dark green leaves.
- CANDIDISSIMA. Star-shaped, very double, pure white flowers, not large, but a very profuse bloomer. Slow, compact grower. Season late.
- CLEVIANA. Compact, fast grower, with medium-sized solid deep pink flowers of thick peony type. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. only.
- COMTE DE GOMER. Very double; creamy petals dotted with numerous pink spots. Early. Compact, but slow grower. Sizes to $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.
- COUNTESS OF ORKNEY. Very double, light pink flowers with red stripes, rather early in the season. Compact, but slow grower. Profuse bloomer while very small.
- **ELIZABETH.** Very double, pure white blooms with petals crinkled at end and, once in a great while, pure pink flowers of same form will appear. Leaves are very dark, thick, green. Strong grower. One of the best.
- ENRICO BETTONI. Very fast grower. Flowers large, light pink, varying in form from semi-double to peony.
- GLOIRE DE NANTES (Leana Superba). Large, semidouble, cerise bloom, with center petals often twisting. Extremely large, dark green leaves, and bold large flowers make this one of the most attractive on bush.



Jarvis Red

JARVIS RED. Deep blood-red, semi-double flowers with golden stamens. Very attractive among dark green foliage. One of the most popular kinds.

KELLINGTONIA. Flowers orange-red, with stripes or blotches of white, open peony type. Always blooms heavily and has extra-good foliage.



Mathotiana alba

MATHOTIANA ALBA. Good-sized, very double, white bloom with large light-colored leaves. Rather late in season.

MME. STREKALOFF. Peony-formed; light pink petals with small stripes of crimson. Stiff, upright grower.

RAINY SUN. Twisted, rather narrow leaves. Flowers large, semi-double and rose-red in color.

SEMI-DOUBLE BLUSH. Flowers of elegant shape, with light semi-double petals having identical color of Lady Humes Blush, and beautiful yellow stamens.

T. K. VARIEGATED. Semi-double; light pink, with darker pink margin, somewhat like Criterion azalea; elegant form and coloring, with large cluster of yellow stamens. Small leaves. Compact, but fast grower.

SEMMES NURSERIES · Semmes, Alabama

THERESA MOSSINE. Very narrow, pleasing shell-pink petals; unusually double. Small leaves. Very compact.

TRI-COLOR. Semi-double flowers of almost pure white to red and intermediate colors on same bush.

Priced Per 100	Prices of Class B Camellias Bare-root B&B
6 to 8 in	\$25 00
8 to 12 in	, 30 00
12 to 18 in., branched	50 00 \$75 00
18 to 24 in., branched, but withou	
2 to 3 ft., branched, but without	t buds. 90 00 125 00
Priced Each	
18 to 24 in., specimen	\$2 75
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen	3 75
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., specimen	5 00
3 to 4 ft., specimen	
4 to 5 ft., specimen	

CLASS C CAMELLIAS

This group is composed of the more common and easily grown double and semi-double-flowering kinds. As a class, they are very fast growers and hardier than the more choice sorts.

LILY. Attractive, double, white flowers of medium size. Rapid growing, compact and symmetrical.

ROSE EMRY. Crimson peony-form blooms of medium size early in season.

SARAH FROST. This well-known favorite is a good compact grower and a profuse bloomer. The flowers are full double, of medium size, rose-red in color, and produced midseason to late. Very dependable.

STANDARD. Double; pink, with white spots; imbricated. A compact grower and blooms midseason to late.

TANNER WILLIAMS RED. Semi-double; orange-red, with prominent stamens. Very compact grower and profuse bloomer.

We also offer at this class price several very good double and semi-double-flowering kinds, names of which are not known to us. We therefore offer them by color: Red, Pink, Variegated, and White.

Prices of Class C Camellias

Priced Per 100	Bare-root	B&B
6 to 8 in	.\$20 00	
8 to 12 in	. 25 00	
12 to 18 in., branched	. 40 00	\$60 00
18 to 24 in., branched, but without buds.	55 00	80 00
2 to 3 ft., branched, but without buds	. 70 00	100 00
Priced Each		
18 to 24 in., specimen		\$2 25
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen		3 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., specimen		4 00
3 to 4 ft., specimen		5 50
4 to 5 ft., specimen		8 00



RARE CAMELLIAS

We offer a carefully selected list of choice and outstanding varieties of rare Camellia japonica in a wide range of colors and sizes. Many of them have already made Camellia history and others will do likewise as they become better known. They are offered in groups and priced according to individual merit and supply available. We can furnish only a limited number to a customer, and at no reduction in price, regardless of size of order. The new and rare Camellias of today will be the real money-makers of tomorrow. Every grower should have them.

GROUP 1

MAGNOLLÆFLORA. An extremely rare and valuable Camellia. The flowers are large, semi-double, with 12 to 14 large petals, deep rose-tinted at the base but fading to light blush near the tips. A compact grower with attractive serrated foliage. We can supply 12 to 18-inch and larger in either cutting-grown or grafted plants.

Priced Each	Bare-root	B&B
8 to 10 in	\$2 50	
10 to 15 in	3 50	
12 to 18 in	4 50	\$5 00
18 to 24 in	7 00	7 50
24 to 30 in		10 00
18 to 24 in., specimen		12 50
24 to 30 in., specimen		15 00

CHALICE (Hana-Fuki). Large, semi-double, delicate pink, with three rows of petals. The flower is more bell-shaped than Lady Clare and the color almost identical with Debutante. Imported by us a few years ago and has been enthusiastically acclaimed by all who have seen it. Because of the limited supply this year we can furnish not more than two plants to a customer.

1-yr. grafts. \$10 00

SEMMES NURSERIES . Semmes, Alabama

ADMIRAL NIMITZ. A recent introduction of great promise. Foliage and habit of growth similar to Laurel Leaf, and the large, full double flowers are a beautiful shade of pink. 12 to 18 in., grafts. 18 to 24 in., grafts. 24 to 30 in., grafts. 10 00	
BESSIE MORSE BELLINGRATH. This fine new Camellia has been named in memory of the late beloved wife of the founder of Bellingrath Gardens. Flowers semi-double, white with faint blush. Color is more delicate than Magnoliæflora. See illustration on front cover.	
1-yr. grafts	
COLLETTI MACULATA. The medium-sized flowers are very striking, with bold, contrasting colors—crimson and white. Rather dwarf. Free blooming and desirable.	

6 50

18 to 24 in., mostly grafts......



Donckelari
DONCKELARI. Probably the most famous and best-liked of all the older Camellias. The flowers are large, semi-double, brick-red, flecked white, with attractive stamens in long crown. Very showy. 12 to 18 in., 1-yr. grafts
GLEN 40. This is one of the finest of the newer varieties and has attracted a great deal of attention. Large, deep red, very double and with numerous rounded petals. Beautiful and lasting. 12 to 18 in., 1-yr. grafts

13



HAKU-RAKUTEN

HAKU-RAKUTEN.	A very	beautiful	and	out-of-the-
ordinary Camellia.	The flow	ers are larg	ge, sem	i-double to
loose peony form,	and pure	white in c	olor.	A vigorous
and symmetrical gr		h smooth, a	ttract	ive foliage.
Supply extremely	limited.			
110				TO O TO

	B&B	,
12 to 18 in.,	grafts\$6_50)
18 to 24 in.,	grafts 8 00)
24 to 30 in.,	grafts10 00)

IWANE-SHIBORI. Semi-double, cherry-red, mottled white, but with an occasional solid red flower. Conspicuous and beautiful. Rather slow, compact grower, with dark, glossy foliage.

12 to 18	in, graf	ts	 	 	 	 			 \$6	50
18 to 24	in., graf	ts	 	 	 	 			 8	00

LADY JANE GREY (Eugene Lize). This attractive seed-ling of Donckelari produces large pink and white variegated flowers of very lasting quality that vary in form from almost perfect double to loose peony form. See color illustration on page 15.

12 to	18	in.,	grafts										 		٠	.\$5	(00
18 to	24	in	grafts													6	Ę	50

LINDSAY NEILL. A new variety that has attracted a good deal of attention in many sections. The flowers are medium to large, variegated vivid red and white.

12 to 18 in.,	grafts\$6	50
18 to 24 in.,	grafts 8	00
24 to 30 in.,	grafts10	00

ROSEA SUPERBA VARIEGATED (Margaret Sandusky). A lovely variegated form of Rosea Superba. Very large, full double, deep pink flowers with numerous small white spots or blotches. A vigorous grower, similar to Purple Emperor and C. M. Hovey in habit and foliage.
12 to 18 in., grafts
ROSE DAWN. A splendid recent introduction by one of our local nurseries at Mobile. The large, rose-pink flowers are very beautiful and very double, similar in form and shape to Alba Plena. It is a vigorous grower, with serrated foliage, and is free blooming even when quite young. 12 to 18 in, 1-yr, grafts
18 to 24 in., 1-yr. grafts
ST. ANDRE. The flowers are large, peony type, blood-red and distinctive. Rich dark foliage. Very handsome. 12 to 18 in., grafts
WOODVILLE RED (Martin Roberts; Kollock). Very large, brilliant red, peony type. Fast, upright grower with pale, almost drooping foliage. 12 to 18 in., grafts
24 to 30 in., grafts

LADY JANE GREY (Eugene Lize)



RARE CAMELLIAS, GROUP 2

- ALBA SUPERBA. Beautiful, semi-double, pure white Camellia, 4 to 5 inches across. Vigorous and spreading in growth. This variety is often known on the Pacific Coast as Rev. John G. Drayton.
- C. M. HOVEY (Mathotiana Rubra Variant). In habit of growth, and shape and form of flowers, it is very much like Purple Emperor, but the beautiful, double, large red flowers are mottled white.
- COLONEL FIREY (Wm. S. Hastie). Very large, extremely double flowers, with many small petals of glowing rich crimson. A late bloomer. See illustration on inside back cover.
- DAIKAGURA. Probably the earliest bloomer of all Camellia japonicas. In the Mobile section it is nearly always in bloom in September and often is showing color in August. Flowers large, thick peony type, deep rose color with large white blotches, sometimes imbricated.

DAIKAGURA





DEBUTANTE

- **DEBUTANTE** (Sara C. Hastie). Delicate shade of solid pink; large peony form. A free bloomer and vigorous, upright grower. One of the best for cut-flowers.
- **EMPEROR OF RUSSIA.** A bushy and compact grower. The flowers are very large, brilliant scarlet and of peony form.
- **GIGANTEA.** Very large leaves and spreading branches. The red and white flowers are peony form and of good size.
- H. A. DOWNING. Semi-double, carmine-red, sometimes spotted white. Very hardy.
- KUMASAKA, VARIEGATED. Large, peony-form blooms of deep pink but with white spots.
- LADY CLARE (Empress; Grandiflora Rosea). Immense, single pink flowers. Probably the largest of all Camellias. See color illustration on page 2.
- LADY MARY CROMARTIE. Large, semi-double to loose peony form, deep rose-pink. Stamens interspersed among ruffled center petals.
- LADY VAN SITTART, VARIEGATED. Identical in growth and habit to the well-known pink variety, but the flowers are beautifully striped or marked with white. Hardy.
- LAUREL LEAF. Flowers large, full double, with numerous narrow petals having recurved edges and opening very flat; light salmon-rose, marbled white. Upright and compact, with rather narrow foliage of a pleasing shade of green. See color illustration on page 20.

- MARCHIONESS OF EXETER. Early. Large pink flowers of peony form, similar to Debutante, but a little deeper in color.
- MRS. WILLIAM THOMPSON. Large, semi-double white blooms of great beauty. Splendid importation from Europe.
- NAGASAKI (Mikenjaku; Candida Elegantissima). One of the most striking of all the Camellias. The very large, semi-double flowers, with prominent stamens, have thick, wavy petals, ranging in color from white to deep rose-pink.
- PINK STAR. Semi-double to peony form. Pleasing rosepink, large round petals. Growth habit compact and upright. Attractive dark foliage. Midseason. See color illustration on page 20.
- PURPLE EMPEROR (Mathotiana Rubra; Purple Dawn, etc.). One of the largest flowers of rose form. Deep red but as the flower gets older, outer edge turns purple.

PURPLE EMPEROR





VICTOR EMMANUEL

REV. JOHN G. DRAYTON. Medium-sized, semi-double, peony-type flowers of soft clear pink. Entirely different from the variety known by this name on the Pacific Coast, which is clear white, and which is known in the southeastern United States as Grandiflora Alba and Alba Superba.

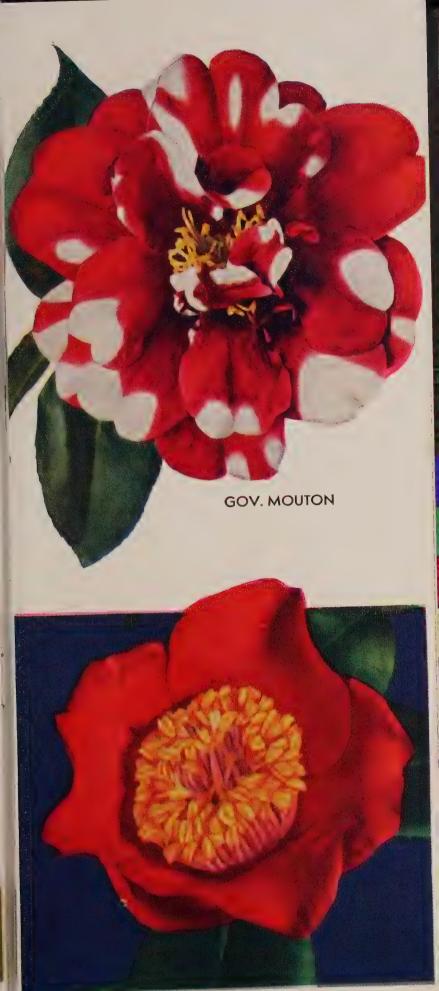
SGT. BARRIOS (Semi-Double Rosea). A fine new seed-ling which originated here in our nurseries. Compact and upright in habit, with immense, semi-double, rosy red flowers. The fastest-growing Camellia. Very showy and desirable.

SNOWDRIFT. Beautiful form; large, semi-double; pure white.

VICTOR EMMANUEL. It is a bushy grower, compact and symmetrically round, with medium-sized leaves. The flowers are very large, deep red, peony form, and of indescribable beauty. Blooms late. See color illustration above.

Prices on Group 2: Priced Each	Bare-root	B&B
8 to 10 in	\$1 00	
10 to 15 in	1 35	
12 to 18 in	2 25	\$2 50
18 to 24 in	3 75	4 00
24 to 30 in	6 00	6 50
18 to 24 in., specimen		10 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen		12 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., specimen		15 00





KIMBERLEY

RARE CAMELLIAS, GROUP 3

- APPLE BLOSSOM. Single, small, pink flowers, quite fragrant.
- FANNY BOLLIS. Very large, semi-double, red flowers blotched white. See illustration on inside back cover.
- FRED SANDER. Flowers single, of medium size, crinkled petals, sometimes fimbriated. Otherwise, it resembles Tri-Color in both color and formation.
- GOSHOGURUMA. Good-sized, semi-double, deep red, velvety-textured flowers with yellow anthers, making a most attractive color combination. Upright grower.
- GOVERNOR MOUTON. Flowers of medium size and blood-red color, often blotched with white. A vigorous grower, rather spreading in habit, with twiggy branches. See color illustration on page 21.
- **KIMBERLEY.** The brilliant red, single flowers have very prominent red stamens instead of white ones like other Camellias. Upright grower. A collector's variety. See color illustration on page 21.
- **KUMASAKA.** A Group 2 variety but on account of more plentiful supply this year we are offering it in Group 3. Large peony-form blooms of deep pink. Late.
- MONJISU (California Donckelari). Semi-double, mediumsized flowers of bright carmine with a satin-like sheen. Foliage small, dark green.
- PINK BALL. Color identical with Pink Perfection, but flowers much larger, double, with pompon center. Very attractive and has handsome foliage.
- **PRINCE ALBERT.** Semi-double, pink, streaked or flecked with white, similar to Hermes in shape. Upright grower with serrated leaves.
- **PURITY.** Very double, symmetrical, pure white, star-shaped flowers, occasionally with stamens. One of the best of all whites. Upright grower.
- ST. ELMO (Augusta Evans Wilson). Deep pink, thick, peony form, of good size and one of the earliest to bloom in fall. Upright grower with thick, shiny leaves.
- SUPRESSE NOBILISSIMA. Semi-double, white flowers, very thin in texture, and elegant.
- WATERLOO (Ethrington White). Large, semi-double, pure white flowers of tissue-paper-like texture and very attractive. A profuse bloomer, even when quite young.

Prices on Group 3: Priced Each	Bare-ro	ot B&B
8 to 10 in	\$0 50	0
10 to 15 in	7	5
12 to 18 in	1 0	0 \$1 25
18 to 24 in	1 7	5 2 00
24 to 30 in	2 5	0 3 00
18 to 24 in., specimen		5 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen		7 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., specimen		10 00



Camellia Sasangua

CAMELLIA SASANQUA

One of the newer and finest of all the broad-leaved evergreens. Similar to Camellia japonica, but looser and faster growing. Very profuse bloomers, the flowers commencing to open the latter part of September and continuing on through November—a time when very few flowers can be had.

Sasanquas are very hardy and can be grown without protection in the latitude of Memphis, Tenn., Birmingham, Ala., Atlanta, Ga., Charlotte, N. C., and even much farther north along the Atlantic Seaboard. They are extremely satisfactory in landscape work, as individual specimens, in foundation plantings, and for hedges, and their popularity is only just beginning. From many thousands of seedling plants, we have originated a few outstanding kinds which we offer in the following list, along with and at the same prices as for the named varieties.

CLEOPATRA. Large, beautiful cherry-red flowers, often double, and having crinkled petals. Foliage thick, dark and glossy. A vigorous and compact grower. Sizes to 2 to 3 ft.

MINE-NO-YUKI (Snow on the Mountain). The large, double, white flowers resemble a carnation and are borne in such profusion as to literally cover the entire plant. When young, it is a loose, open grower, but as it gets older it develops into a symmetrically round and compact specimen. Sizes to 2 to 3 ft.

NEGISHEKO. Flowers very large, single, deep pink and very showy. Strong, upright grower with dark glossy foliage.

ROSEA. A graceful and upright grower with very large single flowers of brilliant pink.



Camellia Sasanqua, Mine-no-Yuki. See page 23

CAMELLIA SASANQUA, continued

No. 1 (Shell-Pink). Erect and vigorous with an abundance of single shell-pink flowers.

No. 2 (Variegated). Rather dense, rapid grower of pyramidal habit, with handsome, single, two-toned flowers which are white in center and shade to pink at the ends of the petals. Very early.

No. 3. A beautiful, single, soft pink that appeals to all. Semi-dwarf, very bushy and desirable for hedges as well

som dwarf, very busing that desirable for needges as was as for individual specimens.

No. 4. Here in the nursery we refer to this number as "Ruffled" Blush. You will, too, in your description, after you have seen the flowers. Compact and of bushy form

No. 5 (Variegated). Another two-toned variety, similar to No. 2, but more dense in growth and the flowers are a much deeper shade of pink.

No. 6. The most dwarf variety in our collection, with narrow leaves and lovely pink flowers. Excellent for low, bushy-growing plants.

Prices of above Sasanquas:	Each	10 .	100
6 to 8 in., C.T			\$15 00
8 to 12 in., C.T		2 00	17 50
12 to 18 in., C.T		3 00	25 00
18 to 24 in., C.T		4 00	30 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B	\$2 00		
3 to 4 ft., B&B	3 25		
4 to 5 ft., B&B	4 50		

SETSUGEKKA. A new variety of great beauty and merit. The large, semi-double flowers are pure white, with just a touch of pink at the ends of the slightly ruffled petals. The plant is erect and compact in habit, with dark, handsome foliage. Very valuable.

	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	\$3 00	\$25 00
8 to 12 in., C.T	3 50	30 00
12 to 18 in., C.T	4 00	35 00
18 to 24 in., C.T	6 00	50 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B\$2 50		
3 to 4 ft., B&B		



Azalea Lath-house

AZALEAS

Azaleas are, without doubt, the most beautiful flowering plants we have in the South. Their season of blooming is very long, beginning with winter-flowering Vittata Fortunei and extending into June when the pretty dwarf Macrantha is covered with its soft orangepink blossoms. All Azaleas are profuse bloomers, and in the spring each plant is a solid mass of color.

All types of Azaleas are easily grown, if a few rules are followed. They require a good, well-drained soil that has a slight acid reaction. The addition of leafmold, peat, and, in very heavy, stiff soil, a small quantity of sand, is always beneficial. Leaf-mold and peat help maintain an acid soil and a mulch of leaves is good to retain moisture and to furnish plant-food for the next year.

the next year.

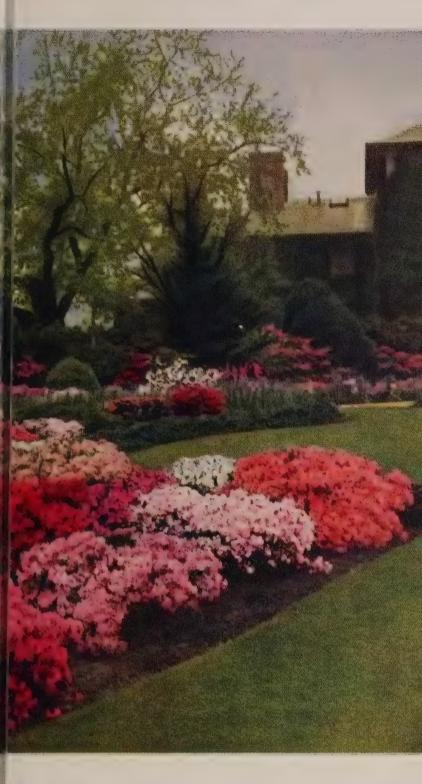
Partial shade is desirable in planting, but dense shade should be avoided. A lath-house is well suited for growing plants in nursery. They should be fertilized sparingly; a light application of cottonseed meal about three times a year is one of the best treatments.

Lining-out size Azaleas offered here were rooted last spring and planted in beds early in summer, giving plenty of space for full development of strong root systems and bushy tops, and are far superior to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch potted plants, having roots enough to fill a 3-inch pot which has twice the capacity of a $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pot. These small Azaleas are very tender and should be protected against frost this winter. We will be glad to book orders and reserve the plants until spring when danger of freezing is over.

Prices on all our Azaleas are based on shipping without using burlap about the roots. They can be safely shipped and transplanted in this way, and the saving in labor and material costs enables us to offer these plants at such reasonable prices.



Everyone in the Lower South is thoroughly familiar with the magnificent beauty of Azaleas in full bloom, but many growers in other sections have not realized that there are so many hardy varieties that can be successfully grown outdoors in their own states. New and hardy types of Azaleas are being developed each year, and soon



large plantings will be in evidence in many parts of the country not heretofore considered suited for these plants. The garden pictured above is located in New York State, and produces a wealth of color in early spring that would be almost impossible to obtain at any cost with any other plants.



Coral Bells, 10 to 12-in. size. See page 29

KURUME AZALEAS

This group, known botanically as Azalea obtusum japonicum, includes varieties that are more dwarf in their habit of growth and not quite so hardy as the Hardy Japanese group, but all Kurumes will stand the winters of almost all sections of the Southern States without any protection, and much farther north with a little protection. Their popularity is increasing rapidly as they become better known, especially in the cooler sections of the country where the more tender Indicas are injured by cold. Used singly, or in groups by themselves, or in combination with Indicas or Hardy Japanese varieties, they give most pleasing landscape effects and a range of color that could not otherwise be obtained.

The demand for Kurume Azaleas as pot-plants from eastern and northern florists has been growing by leaps and bounds. When plants are received from us, all you have to do is to pot them in light peaty soil, keep in moderately warm houses, spray with strong force of water daily to keep down red spiders and they will come into full bloom in about 60 days. They are a very quick and profitable crop. We are now growing thousands of excellent Kurumes for florists' use, paying particular attention to the leading florists' varieties, such as Coral Bells, Salmon Beauty, Hinodegiri, and Snow.

APPLE BLOSSOM. Hose-in-hose pink flowers the color of apple blossoms.

BRIDESMAID. Big salmon-pink flowers borne in large clusters. Very good grower.

CARMINE PRINCE. Large, hose-in-hose, carmine-red flowers produced very freely. Medium height, compact.

KURUME AZALEAS, continued

- CATTLEYA. Delicately lilac-tinted hose-in-hose petals are pointed at end and mauve-pink at the edges. Good grower.
- **CHERRY BLOSSOM.** Delicate pink, shading to white toward center; large flowers.
- CHRISTMAS CHEER. Compact grower with small shiny leaves. The flowers of deepest crimson are small but very attractive. One of the best varieties.
- CORAL BELLS. Compact grower with small, round, glossy leaves. The dainty, bell-shaped, pink flowers are not large but it is a very profuse bloomer and one of the most popular varieties with florists
- **DOUBLE MAUVE.** Compact grower with delicate mauve hose-in-hose flowers, fading to white in center. Very nice for pot-plants.
- **HEXE** (Firefly). Slow, compact grower with showy, deep scarlet, hose-in-hose flowers.
- HIAWATHA. Hose-in-hose; crimson-carmine. Dwarf and compact. Beautiful new addition to our list.
- HINODEGIRI. Slow, compact grower, but its fiery red flowers will literally smother the entire plant, even when they are very small, making it one of the most desirable pot-plants.
- **HORTENSIA.** Good-sized, soft pink, hose-in-hose flowers produced in large trusses. Medium height.
- **LAVENDER QUEEN.** Large, single, light lavender flowers with white stamens. Leaves large and dark.
- MAUVE BEAUTY. Flowers of a delicate mauve shade which literally cover the entire plant. Compact, dwarf grower
- **PEACH BLOW.** One of the fastest-growing Kurumes. Medium-sized, single flowers of a delicate peach shade.
- PINK PEARL. Large, most beautiful pink blooms, shaded lighter toward center, with prominent markings, borne in large clusters.
- **SALMON BEAUTY.** Large, hose-in-hose, salmon-pink flowers and light green foliage

For prices of Kurume Azaleas, see page 30



Salmon Beauty

Snow

KURUME AZALEAS, continued

- SALMON QUEEN. Large, single, salmon-pink flowers produced in great profusion in midseason. One of the most attractive Kurumes.
- SNOW. Good-sized, hose-in-hose flowers of purest white among beautiful glossy leaves. Liked by all.
- SUNSTAR. Medium-sized, single, dark rose-pink flowers are borne very profusely. Small, dark green leaves and medium height.
- SWEET BRIER. Compact grower, with leaves similar to Peach Blow. Its medium-sized, single pink flowers are very attractive. One of the hardiest Kurumes known.
- **VIVID.** The large hose-in-hose flowers are deep vivid red without any cast of purple, but similar to Hexe. Small leaves and a compact grower.

Prices of Kurume Azaleas:	Each	10	100
*4 to 6 in., bed-grown		\$1 10	\$10 00
4 to 6 in., compact; budded	.\$0 45	4 00	35 00
6 to 8 in., with buds	. 60	5 50	50 00
8 to 10 in., with buds	. 70	6 50	60 00
10 to 12 in., with buds	. 95	9 00	85 00
12 to 18 in., with buds	1 25	12 00	110 00

*Our 4 to 6-inch bed-grown Kurume and 6 to 8-inch bed-grown Indica Azaleas are recommended and sold to nurserymen and florists only for the purpose of lining out and growing on into larger sizes. They do not have flower-buds and are of no value for immediate effect.

We grow and sell thousands upon thousands of these small plants every year, and, due to our facilities for quantity production, customers find it cheaper and more satisfactory to purchase from us than to maintain a propagating department for their own needs.

Illustration below: 4 to 6-in. and 6 to 8-in. bed-grown Azaleas shown with 3-in. pot





Azalea Kaempferi

HARDY JAPANESE AZALEAS

The following list of Hardy Japanese and Kaempferi Azaleas covers probably a larger collection of real money-making varieties for the nurserymen and florists of the southern half of the United States than any other group of plants. All of them are hardy, and all are evergreen except a few which lose their leaves in the New England States. The color-range is large—white, pink, salmon, orange, red, lilac, variegated—and the blooming season is an extended one. Some are early, some are late—each producing characteristic bloom of its own.

The whole country is tired of evergreens and common flowering shrubs alone. Everyone wants bright colors early in spring, and something different. What is better than this group of Hardy Evergreen Azaleas? Most nurserymen in this large section of the country do not realize how greatly their trade will be stimulated by offering this bright-flowering plant to their customers.

Azaleas under this heading are not dwarf like Hinodegiri or Kurumes, but are fairly fast growers, reaching an ultimate height of 10 to 12 feet, and are hardy in all parts of New Jersey and even farther north.

HARDY JAPANESE AZALEAS, continued

- **AMŒNA.** One of the hardiest, compact growers, with small leaves and rather small rosy purple hose-in-hose flowers. Can stand a great deal of neglect.
- **FLAME.** Bright orange-red flowers early in season. This is one of the best of this group. Very showy, with good foliage.
- HARDY FIREFLY. Compact-growing, very hardy Azalea, with good-sized single flowers of most brilliant fiery red. One of the very best. Sizes to 10 to 12 in.
- HINOMAYO. Fast-growing, upright branches are clothed with small, light-colored leaves. Soft pink flowers of a beautiful shade completely hide the plant. Blooms early. Sizes to 10 to 12 in.
- INDICA ROSEA (Magnifica). Fast grower, with large, hairy leaves and big single white flowers tinted with rose.
- KAEMPFERI. This Evergreen Azalea will lose its leaves farther north, where it can stand the winters of Boston without any protection, and does splendidly in the Lower South, making large plants. The big, single, red flowers are borne profusely rather late in season. Sizes to 12 to 18 in. Kaempferi Hybrids: Cleopatra, Fedora, Carmen, Othello.
- LILACINA (Akebono, meaning "dawn"). Delicate lilac shade of orchid—the color of the eastern sky at dawn. Strong grower with large leaves.
- MACRANTHA. Compact grower with roundish leaves and single, medium-sized, pink flowers late in season. Very hardy. Here in Mobile this variety usually blooms in May and June, thus extending the Azalea season.
- MACRANTHA, Orange-Red. Similar to above, with narrow leaves and orange-red flowers. Very good. Blooms late, at same time as the pink Macrantha.
- MACRANTHA, Double-flowering. One of the above type, with double pink flowers of good size. Late blooming; very hardy. This group of Macranthas is becoming more popular every year.
- **MAXWELLI.** Leaves and flowers are as large as most of the Indicas and the carmine-red, single flowers are big and very attractive.
- VESUVIUS. Large, bright orange-red, single flowers. Good grower, with dark green leaves.
- YAYEGIRI. Fast grower with shiny narrow leaves and beautiful salmon-red hose-in-hose flowers in midseason. Very young and profuse bloomer.

Prices of Hardy Japanese Azaleas:			
Eacl		100	
6 to 8 in., bed-grown		\$10 00	
8 to 10 in., with buds\$0 4	0 3 50	30 00	
10 to 12 in., with buds 5	0 4 50	40 00	
12 to 18 in., with buds 7	0 6 50	60 00	
18 to 24 in., with buds 1 0	0 9 50	90 00	
2 to 3 ft., with buds	5 16 00	150 00	

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AZALEA INDICA

The Indicas, which are fast growers with masses of large flowers, are especially adapted for landscape planting all along the Gulf Coast up the Atlantic seaboard to North Carolina. Around Mobile, Charleston, and some other sections, there are plants seventy to one hundred years old, with a spread from 20 to 30 feet across, apparently without any special care, showing they are perfectly at home and easy to grow. Nurserymen in this entire section have a wonderful opportunity to give lasting satisfaction to their customers, and incidentally enrich themselves, by planting extensive collections of these showy plants in their nurseries, because Azaleas will sell themselves when your customers see them in full bloom. We are listing the most important varieties, eliminating weaker growers or inferior flowers when the same color can be had in better varieties.

BRILLIANT. A good grower with small, dark green leaves. Deep watermelon color, being intermediate between Pride of Mobile and Pride of Dorking. Very good variety.

COCCINEA MAJOR. Brilliant orange-red. A little taller grower than Prince of Orange.

CRITERION. Compact grower with flowers the color of strawberry ice cream, streaked with deeper pink and margin of white. Late bloomer and very attractive.

DUC DE ROHAN. Compact grower with small leaves and

DUC DE ROHAN. Compact grower with small leaves and a profusion of beautiful salmon-pink flowers. One of the best varieties for pot-culture. Sizes to 10 to 12 in.

ELEGANS. Fast and rather upright grower, similar to Formosa, with light-colored pink flowers early in season.

FIELDER'S WHITE. Large, pure white flowers early in season. A strong grower, free blooming, and one of the best whites.

FORMOSA. Very fast grower with large dark leaves and big purplish pink flowers which have less purple than Phœnicia.

AZALEA INDICA, continued

- GEORGE FRANC. Early bloomer with extra-large salmon-pink flowers having deep red throats. Very showy.
- GLORY OF SUNNINGHILL. Compact grower with shiny narrow leaves and vivid orange-red flowers. One of the latest to bloom.
- **INDICA ALBA.** Rather upright grower, with dull-colored, hairy leaves and pure white flowers in midseason. Very hardy.
- IVERYANA. Similar to Criterion, but has pink stripes on pure white instead of the pink ground of that variety.
- LADY EDITH. Very similar to Criterion, with almost identical flowers but more glossy leaves. Blooms late.
- MME. DOMINIQUE. One of the largest Indicas, similar in color to Criterion, but of taller growth. Very compact and blooms almost as late as Macrantha. Exceptionally hardy.
- PHŒNICIA. Fast grower with medium-sized leaves and large purplish pink flowers. It will probably withstand more heat and sun than any other Azalea.
- PRIDE OF DORKING. One of the deepest reds of the entire group. Blooms late in the season and, while not very hardy, is yet one of the best.
- PRIDE OF MOBILE. Fast grower with large leaves; similar to Formosa but of lighter color. Some of the largest and choicest Azaleas in the Mobile section are of this variety and were known formerly as "Watermelon-pink" but we gave it the name "Pride of Mobile" several years ago, which was immediately adopted by all. Plants over 70 years old, standing over 15 feet high, smothered by countless beautiful pink flowers, are a sight that cannot be equaled by any. Very hardy, fast growth, most brilliant color, and profuse midseason bloom make this one of the outstandingly good and profitable varieties for nurserymen and florists to handle.
- **PRESIDENT CLAY.** Good grower with orange-red flowers in midseason.
- PRINCE OF ORANGE. Spreading grower with deep orange-red flowers a little after midseason. Very nice.
- SALMON (Lawsal). Known locally as "Daphne Salmon." Midseason bloomer with pleasing salmon-colored medium-sized flowers. Very hardy.
- VIOLACEA RUBRA. Beautiful shade of wine-red color with dark green leaves.
- VITTATA FORTUNEI. Fast, upright grower, with pale-colored leaves. White and lavender variegated and light lavender flowers intermixed. Starts blooming in fall and continues all winter and spring.
- WILLIAM BULL. Very hardy, upright grower which will not grow compact when small, but after a few years will assume a nice compact form. Very double orangered flowers which last a long time.

Prices of Azalea indica:	Each	10	100
6 to 8 in., bed-grown			
8 to 10 in., with buds	\$0 40	3 50	30 00
10 to 12 in., with buds	50	4 50	40 00
12 to 18 in., with buds	70	6 50	60 00
18 to 24 in., with buds	1 00	9 50	90 00
2 to 3 ft., with buds	1 65	16 00	150 00

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Magnolia Soulangeana

ORIENTAL MAGNOLIAS

Sold out for this season

Some of the most beautiful flowering trees in the world belong to this group of deciduous Magnolias. Most of them are hardy in nearly all parts of the United States, and planting of these beautiful trees should be encouraged by nurserymen, especially when they can be had at such reasonable prices as we list below.

SOULANGEANA. Small tree with large, 9-petal, pinkish flowers before the leaves in the spring One of the most beautiful flowering trees.

SOULANGEANA ALBA SUPERBA. Similar to above with almost white flowers of larger size. Rounder leaves and a more upright grower.

Prices of above two Magnolias:	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in., C.T	.\$0 35	\$3 25	\$30 00
18 to 24 in., C.T	. 45	4 00	35 00

SOULANGEANA NIGRA. Blooms later than Soulangeana and is darker in color.

LILIFLORA (M. obovata). Tulip-shaped, large, purplish pink flowers before leaves appear. Many stems from ground and makes a large bush.

Prices of above two Magnolias:	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in., C.T	.\$0 25	\$2 25	\$20 00
18 to 24 in., C.T	. 35	3 25	30 00



Magnolia rustica rubra

ORIENTAL MAGNOLIAS, continued

RUSTICA RUBRA. Large, cup-shaped, dark reddish purple flowers, similar to Lennei, and with handsome seedpods more than 6 inches long. It is a vigorous grower and especially desirable where a tall spreading Magnolia is wanted. Blooms later than Soulangeana and is one of the best of the more recent introductions.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in., C.T	.\$0 35	\$3 25	\$30 00
18 to 24 in., C.T			
3 to 4 ft., B&B	. 2 50		
4 to 5 ft., B&B	. 3 50		
5 to 7 ft., B&B	. 5 00		

STELLATA. Star Magnolia. A dwarf grower, seldom reaching a height of more than 10 feet, and producing numerous delicate pinkish white waterlily-like flowers early in spring. One of the most beautiful of all.

	Each	10	100
2 yr., C.T	.\$0 35	\$3 25	\$30 00
2 to 3 ft., bushy, B&B	. 3 00		
3 to 4 ft., bushy, B&B	. 4 50		
4 to 5 ft., bushy, B&B	. 6 50		

Sold out for this season



Magnolia stellata



Clevera japonica

BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS

Abbreviations: S., Seedling; C., Cutting; T., Transplanted; B&B, Balled and Burlapped; B.R., Bare-Root.

ABELIA grandiflora	10	100
18 to 24 in., bushy, B.R	 \$3 50	\$30 00
2 to 3 ft., bushy, B.R	 5 50	50 00
3 to 4 ft., bushy, B.R	 7 50	70 00

AZALEAS. See pages 25 to 34.

BERBERIS Sargentii. One of the best evergreen Barberries in the Lower South, with about 1-inch spiny leaves. Compact grower.

B. Thunbergi atropurpurea. Red-leaved Japanese Barberry. Leaves are dark bronze-red, making an excellent contrast with other green shrubs.

Prices of both Berberis: Each 10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T \$0 75 \$	6 50
8 to 12 in., C.T	8 50
12 to 18 in., C.T	00 0
12 to 18 in., B&B\$0 75	
18 to 24 in., B&B 1 25	
2 to 3 ft., B&B 1 75	

BUXUS Harlandi. A beautiful new slow-growing compact Box, with long narrow light green leaves. Very desirable.

- B. japonica. Fairly fast-growing Box with light-colored roundish leaves. Does well in full sun.
 B. sempervirens. Slow-growing, compact Box with deep green, pointed leaves. There are several strains of this variety, but we offer the most compact-growing kind.

Prices of Buxus:	10	100
4 to 6 in., C.T	.\$0 85	\$7 50
6 to 8 in., C.T	. 1 25	10 00
8 to 10 in., C.T	. 1 50	12 50

CALLISTEMON. Bottle-Brush.

...... 1 75 15 00 3-in. pot.....

CAMELLIA Sasanqua. See pages 23 and 24.

CLEYERA japonica. An excellent, compact-grown medium-sized evergreen, with thick, glossy leaves we turn red before falling. Creamy white flowers in spring. Our plants are cuttings grown from selections of exceptional merit.	late ected
6 to 8 in., C.T	
ELÆAGNUS pungens. Transplants easily, doing we either sun or shade.	ell in
E. pungens Fruitlandi. Fast-growing Elæagnus with	Iarge
B	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	0 00 2 50



Elæagnus pungens Fruitlandi
E. pungens aureo-maculata. Highly colored yellow variegation of the leaves will not fade in full sun, but hold color all year round. 6 to 8 in., C.T
EURYA japonica. Slow, compact-growing shrub, clothed thickly with small, dark green, glossy leaves of highly ornamental value. Those who are seeking a newer evergreen will do well to try it. Each 10 100 6 to 8 in., C.T. \$1 25 \$10 00 8 to 12 in., C.T. 150 12 50 12 to 18 in., C.T. 175 15 00 2 to 3 ft., B&B. \$1 50 3 to 4 ft., B&B. 2 50
FEIJOA Sellowiana. Pineapple Guava. Compact-growing shrub with light green leaves of silvery color underneath. Handsome purplish flowers in late spring. Stands about zero weather. 2 to 3 ft., B&B



Feijoa Sellowiana

GARDENIA florida. Cape Jasmine. We offer excellent values in this popular flowering plant.

G., Hadley. Large-flowering, winter-forcing the Highly prized as cut-flowers and commands much higher price than G. Veitchi.

G., Mystery. Flowers are larger and more attractive than the ordinary *Gardenia florida*, and an excellent grower.

Prices of above varieties of Gardenias:

	Each		
6 to 8 in., C.T		\$0 85	\$7 50
8 to 12 in., C.T			
12 to 18 in., C.T			12 50
18 to 24 in., B&B			
2 to 3 ft., B&B			
radicans Dwarf-growing Cane		e with	small

leaves and waxy white, fragrant flowers. 100 \$6 50 7 50

G. Veitchi. Winter-blooming Gardenia used extensively by florists. Our strain blooms almost continually. Can stand but a few degrees of frost. We offer well-pinched pot-bound plants only. 10 \$12 50 15 00



ILEX Cassine angustifolia. Leaves are narrow and 2 to 3 inches long. Bears deep red berries very young and most profusely. Each 10 100 6 to 8 in., C.T. \$1 00 \$8 50 8 to 12 in., C.T. 1 25 10 00 18 to 24 in., B&B \$1 25 1 25 2 to 3 ft., B&B 1 75 1 25 3 to 4 ft., B&B 2 25 1 25 4 to 5 ft. 3 00 3 00
I. Cassine myrtifolia. Similar to preceding but with nar-
rower leaves. Profuse berry bearer. 10 100 8 to 12 in., C.T
12 to 18 in., C.T
I. crenata bullata. An excellent new variety with leaves of high gloss and convex in center. Slow and dwarf and ideally suited for rock-gardens. Each 6 to 8 in., C.T 10 100 \$125 \$10 00 8 to 12 in., C.T 1 50 13 50 12 to 18 in., C.T 2 00 17 50 12 to 18 in., B&B, clipped. \$1 00 18 to 24 in., B&B, clipped. 1 50
I. crenata microphylla. Very small-leaved type of Crenata
used extensively. Each 10 100 4 to 6 in., C.T \$1 25 \$10 00
6 to 8 in., C.T
8 to 12 in., C.T
12 to 18 in., C.T
12 to 18 in., B&B, clipped\$1 00 18 to 24 in., B&B, clipped 1 50
18 to 24 in., B&B, clipped 1 50 2 to 3 ft., B&B, clipped 2 00
I. crenata rotundifolia. Very hardy Holly with black berries and round, boxwood-like leaves. Very desirable.
Each 10 100
6 to 8 in., C.T \$1 25 \$10 00 8 to 12 in., C.T 1 50 12 50
12 to 18 in., C.T
18 to 24 in., C.T
12 to 18 in., B&B\$1 00
18 to 24 in., B&B
2 to 3 ft., B&B, clipped 2 00



Ilex c. bullata Ilex opaca femina Ilex c. rotundifolia 8 to 12-in. Ilex



Ilex cornuta femina

Ilex cornuta Burfordi

Ilex cornuta Burfordi.

I. cornuta femina. Showiest Holly in the South and perfectly at home from the Gulf Coast to New Jersey. Cuttings from bearing plants with highly glossy leaves. Some plants have regular Holly-shaped leaves with several spines, but some have entire shiny leaves with only one spine, and are known by some nurserymen as "Burfordi." We can offer both kinds at same price.

Each	10	100
$2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. pots, 1 yr	\$1 50	\$12 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. pots, 2 yr	1 75	15 00
3 to 4 ft., B&B\$2 50		
4 to 5 ft., B&B 3 50		
5 to 6 ft., B&B 5 00		

I. vomitoria femina. Yaupon. Cuttings were taken from heavy bearing plants to insure best crop of berries.

	Each	10	100
8 to 12 in., C.T		\$1 25	\$10 00
12 to 18 in., C.T		1 75	15 00
2 to 3 ft B&B	\$2.00		

JASMINUM floridum. Arched branches clothed with dark green leaves and yellow flowers a good part of the summer. Hardy south of Washington.

J. primulinum. Primrose Jasmine. Very graceful, fast-growing, semi-erect evergreen with yellow flowers.

Prices of above two kinds:	Each	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T 8 to 12 in., C.T 12 to 18 in., C.T 18 to 24 in., B&B 2 to 3 ft., B&B	 \$0 75		\$6 50 8 50 10 00

LAUROCERASUS caroliniana. Cherry-Laurel Handsome native, broad-leaved evergreen tree with glossy foliage. May be pruned to any desired size or shape. Fine for hedges.

10 100

12 to	-18	in.,	S	٥			٠	٠							٠	. \$	l	00	\$8	00
18 to	24	in.,	S														1	25	10	00

SEMMES NURSERIES · Semmes, Alabama

LAURUS officinale. English La					
doing well from Gulf Coast	to	Virginia.	T	arge	e, dark
green leaves.		Each	1	0	100
6 to 8 in., C.T			\$0	85	\$7 50
8 to 12 in., C.T			1	00	8 50
12 to 18 in., C.T			1	25	10 00
18 to 24 in., B&B					
2 to 3 ft., B&B					
3 to 4 ft., B&B		2 00			



Ligustrum lucidum

LIGUSTRUM ciliatum variegatum. Spreading shi	
round, variegated leaves. 10	100
4 to 6 in., strong rooted C\$0 50	\$4 00
6 to 8 in., C.T	7 50
8 to 12 in., C.T	
12 to 18 in., C.T. Beds	12 50
L. coriaceum. Very dwarf Ligustrum with crinkle dark foliage making it suitable for rock-gardens.	d, thick
10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	\$8 50
8 to 12 in., C.T	10 00
12 to 18 in., C.T	12 50

- L. lucidum compactum. Well-known Wax Privet so extensively planted in last few years. There is hardly any other broad-leaved evergreen that has received greater attention by the public in recent years, but its use can still be increased. Our Wax Privets are well known to have exceptionally good color and texture of foliage and compactness of bush.
- L. lucidum pyramidalis. Upright Privet. There are several types of Pyramidal form of Wax Privet, but ours has dark green foliage of roundish form; very thick and while decidedly upright in form, yet quite compact.
- L. lucidum repandum. Crinkle Privet. Rather upright and spreading, with waxy, crinkled, narrow leaves. Very graceful.

Prices of the three preceding Ligustrums:	10	100
4 to 6 in., strong rooted C	.\$0 60	\$5 00
6 to 8 in., C.T	. 1 00	8 50
8 to 12 in., C.T	. 1 25	10 00
12 to 18 in., C.T. Beds	. 1 50	12 50
18 to 24 in., C.T. Beds	. 1 75	15 00

MAGNOLIA fuscata. Banana Shrub. Noted for its Iowish white flowers with banana-like fragrance. attractive shrub. 6 to 8 in., C.T	Very 100 10 00 12 50
M. glauca. Well-known native White Bay of sou United States. Blooms young and is hardy in Co	
States. 10	100
6 to 8 in., S\$0 85	\$7.50
8 to 12 in., S 1 00	
12 to 18 in., S	
M. grandiflora. Bull Bay. Our specimen plants	were
transplanted two and three times. Each 10	100
6 to 8 in., S	88 50
8 to 12 in., S	00 01
	12 50
3 to 4 ft., B.R\$1 50	
4 to 5 ft., B.R	
5 to 7 ft., B.R 3 50	
M. Soulangeana. See page 35.	



Mahonia Bealei Mahonia Fortunei

MAHONIA Bealei (M. japonica). Thick green foliage, spread out in Nandina fashion. Clusters of yellow flowers in winter are followed by attractive purple berries. Does best in partial shade.

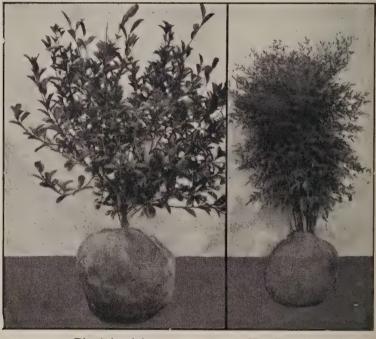
M. Fortunei. Handsome evergreen shrub with dark green, narrow-lanceolate foliage. Compact and upright in habit. Very ornamental.

Prices of both Mahonias:	1	0	100
2 to 4 in., S	.\$0	65	\$6 00
4 to 6 in., S		85	7 50
8 to 12 in., S.T	. 1	25	10 00
12 to 18 in., S.T	. 1	75	15 00
18 to 24 in., S.T	. 2	75	25 00
NANDINA domestica. Well-known red			
plants. Our B&B plants have several can	es. v	with	berries

early in season.	Each	10	100
4 to 6 in., S.T		\$0 85	\$8 00
6 to 8 in., S.T		1 25	10 00
8 to 12 in., S.T		1 50	12 00
10 . 04 . D. D.	@4 OO		

- OSMANTHUS americanus. Fast-growing shrub with 3-inch leaves and fragrant white flowers in fall. Can stand zero weather.
- O. Fortunei. Tea-Olive. Hardy south of Washington, D. C. Beautiful holly-like leaves and fragrant white flowers in late fall. One of the best broad-leaved evergreens.
- O. fragrans aurea. Yellow-flowering Sweet Olive. Similar to Sweet Olive, but a more profuse bloomer. Orange-colored flowers which are highly scented. Blooms only once in fall, however. Very new and rare plant.
 - O. fragrans. Sweet Olive. Similar to above two kinds but blooms almost continuously all winter and is very fragrant. We have this year a splendid lot of lining-out plants to offer.

Prices of all Osmanthus:	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	\$1 25	\$10 00
8 to 12 in., C.T	1 50	12 50
12 to 18 in., C.T	1 75	15 00



Photinia glabra

Nandina domestica

PHOTINIA glabra. New growth of this plant is vivid red and is very attractive among other evergreens during growing season. Should be clipped often to induce more new growth.

10 100

		20	200
6 to 8 in.,	C.T	\$1 00	\$8 50
8 to 12 in.,	C.T	1 25	10 00
12 to 18 in.,	C.T	1 50	12 50

PITTOSPORUM Tobira

6 to 8 in	., C.T		85	7	50
8 to 12 in	., C.T	1	00	8	50
12 to 18 in	C.T.	1	25	10	00



Pyracantha formosana

- PYRACANTHA coccinea Lalandi. Winter-berried plants are getting more popular all the time, and especially Pyracanthas. This variety is very hardy and safe south of Philadelphia. Orange-colored berries after August.
- P. formosana. By far the showiest of all Pyracanthas, but is not very hardy, and unsafe north of Montgomery. Large clusters of bright red berries.
- P. yunnanensis. Spreading type with coral-red berries and quite hardy. Very popular.

Prices of all Pyracanthas:	1	0	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	.\$1	00	\$8 50
8 to 12 in., C.T	. 1	25	10 00
12 to 18 in., C.T			
18 to 24 in., C.T	. 1	75	15 00

- VIBURNUM macrophyllum. Small tree with large, very glossy leaves and clusters of white flowers.
- V. odoratissimum. Similar to above, with more rounded leaves of lighter color and not glossy. Looks much like English laurel and is a fast grower.

Prices of above two Viburnums:	Each	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T		\$1 00	\$8 50
8 to 12 in., C.T		1 25	10 00
12 to 18 in., C.T			12 50
2 to 3 ft., B&B	\$1 50		
3 to 4 ft., B&B	2 00		
4 to 5 ft., B&B	3 00		

V. suspensum. Dwarf-growing, compact bush, with clusters of suspended white flowers in late fall.

0	to	8	ın.,	(.)	l	٠.	٠	۰	٠	 	٠	٠	 	۰	٠		 ф.	1	UU	\$8	50	
8	to	12	in.,	C. 7	Γ								 				 	1	25	10	00	
12	to	18	in.,	C.	Γ						٠		 		٠			1	50	12	50	

V. Tinus. Laurestinus. Compact-growing shrub with small, shiny leaves and clusters of pinkish white flowers at terminals of shoots during winter months. One of the most desirable plants. Each 10 100

6	to	8	in.,	C.T					,		\$1	00	\$8	50
				C.T							1	25	10	00
				C.T							1	50	12	50



Juniperus chinensis Pfitzeriana

CONIFERS

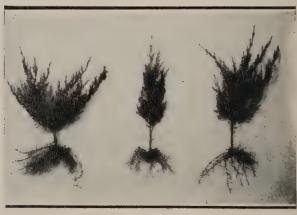
Abbreviations: S., Seedling; C., Cutting; T., Transplanted; B&B., Balled and Burlapped

4	to	- 6	in.,	C.T	\$1	00	\$8
6	to	8	in.,	C.T	1	25	10
				C.T			
12	to	18	in.,	C.T	2	00	15
2	to	3	ft.,	B&B			
3	to	4	ft.,	B&B 2 00			
4	to	5	ft.,	B&B 3 00			
5	to	6	ft.,	B&B 4 00			

00 50 00

J. chinensis Pfitzeriana. Our specimen Pfitzer Junipers are very shapely, spreading in four directions.

Each	10	100
4 to 6-in. spread, C.T	\$1 00	\$8 50
6 to 8-in. spread, C.T	1 25	10 00
8 to 12-in. spread, C.T	1 50	12 50
2 to 3 ft., B&B\$2 00		
3 to 4 ft., B&B 3 50		



Jun. c. Sargenti Jun. communis Jun. c. Pfitzeriana 8 to 12-in. Junipers

CONIFERS, continued

- Juniperus communis. Column-type English Juniper of bluish hue, withstanding heat of southern sun and hardy in extreme North.
- J. communis depressa plumosa. Andorra Juniper. Light green summer foliage that turns into deepest plum color in winter. Decidedly prostrate growth.
- J. japonica oblonga. Semi-erect dwarf Juniper of unique shape, with fine smooth leaves.
- J. Sabina. Semi-spreading Juniper of rather formal shape and of slow growth.
- J. Sabina, Von Ehron. Similar to Pfitzer Juniper but a little more upright and a fast grower. Excellent, newer addition.

Prices of above Junipers:	Each	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T 8 to 12 in., C.T 12 to 18 in., C.T 2 to 3 ft., B&B 3 to 4 ft., B&B 4 to 5 ft., B&B	.\$1 50 . 2 00		\$8 50 10 00 12 50

- **RETINOSPORA ericoides.** Fast and upright grower with feathery bluish foliage. Can be pruned into Royal Italian shape.
- R. pisifera filifera. The thread-like green foliage presents a unique appearance and does not burn out like most other Retinosporas.
- R. pisifera filifera aurea. This form is of very yellow color, and will not turn green all year.
- R. pisifera plumosa aurea. Very feathery growth, tipped with golden color during growing season.
- R. pisifera squarrosa Veitchi. Rapid grower with silvery foliage. Very handsome. Shears well.

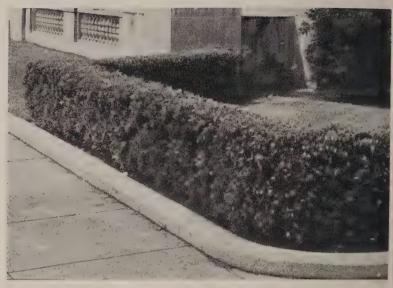
Prices of above Retinosporas:	Each	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T 8 to 12 in., C.T 12 to 18 in., C.T 2 to 3 ft., B&B 3 to 4 ft., B&B	§1 50	~	\$8 50 10 00 12 50

- T. orientalis aurea nana. Berckman's Golden Arborvitae. Well-known dwarf Golden Arborvitæ. Our lining-out size plants were rooted in greenhouses and transplanted in open beds under full sun. They are compact and hardy.

 10 100
 6 to 8 in., C.T. ... \$1 25 \$10 00
 8 to 12 in., C.T. ... 1 50 12 50
- T. orientalis Bakeri. Upright, fast grower. Well-hardened bed plants.

 6 to 8 in., C.T..
 \$1 00 \$8 50 \$8 to 12 in., C.T..

 12 to 18 in , C.T..
 1 50 12 50



Sheared Hedge of Podocarpus

PODOCARPUS sinensis. Japanese Yew.	One	of the
largest-leaved conifers with 2 to 3-inch	leaves	a half
inch wide. Looks almost like a broad-lea-	ved eve	ergreen.
Can be pruned to any desired shape and	Hiw E	do well
in either sun or dark shade.	10	100
4 to 6 in., S.T	\$0 60	\$5 00
6 to 8 in., S.T	85	7 50
8 to 12 in , S.T	1 00	8 50
12 to 18 in., S.T		10 00
0 1 1 1 1 1 1		

Specimens priced on application.

DECIDUOUS PLANTS

LAGERSTRŒMIA indica. Crape Myrtle.		
Red, Purple, and Pink.		.00
12 to 18 in	§2 50 \$20	00
18 to 24 in	3 50 30	00
2 to 3 ft	4 50 40	00
3 to 4 ft		00
4 to 5 ft		00
MAGNOLIAS. See pages 35, 36, 43.		
SPIRÆA Reevesiana		
12 to 18 in	3 00 25	00
		00
S. Thunbergi		
18 to 24 in	3 00 25	00
2 to 3 ft	4 00 35	00

FLOWERING CHERRY. Visitors to our nurseries in early spring have been much impressed with a specimen of beautiful red-flowering Cherry tree which becomes a brilliant and gorgeous mass of color at blooming time. This year, we can supply seedlings of it in the following sizes:

12 to 18 in., bare-root.

\$0 20 18 to 24 in., bare-root.

\$35

ROSA Rouletti. Very dwarf form of Rose which is evergreen in the Lower South, with small rose-pink flowers almost continuously. Quite a novelty as pot or rockgarden plants. All our plants have flower buds. 100 2½-in. pot. \$15 00 3-in. pot. 20 00

MISCELLANEOUS PLANTS

BAMBUSA argentea. (B. multiplex.) A clump Bamboo with small green canes and green leaves. Vigorous grower, very nice for hedges and screens. Handsome foliage and canes grow very tall. Good-sized clumps, B&B
D distinte (D marlibles and Familia) Con Harthan
B. disticha. (B. multiplex var. Fernleaf.) Smaller than above, with ultimate height of 12 to 15 feet. Very fine fern-like leaves of highly ornamental value. Good-sized clumps, B&B
B. aurea. (Phyllostachys bambusoides.) Giant Japanese
Bamboo. Large-growing, hardy yellow-stemmed Bam-
boo, well adapted for southern United States. 10
Underground canes\$1 50
CORTADERIA argentea. Pampas Grass. Pink or White.
Handsome, long, arching, grass-like leaves surmounted
by great fluffy plumes. Very o namental for screens or
individual specimens.
Good-sized clump



Liriope Muscari variegata

LIRIOPE Muscari densiflora. Big Blue Liriope. Similar
to Ophiopogon but with much broader and longer leaves
(about 12 inches) and larger spikes of blue flowers.
Excellent for edging and porch-plants. 10 100
Medium clumps
I Muscari variageta Variagetad Big Blue Lirione A

L. Muscari variegata. Variegated Big Blue Liriope. A variegated form of Densiflora, having leaves beautifully striped with creamy white. Pretty spikes of blue flowers in July and August make these very attractive as outdoor or potted plants.

10 100

Medium clumps...................................\$2 00 \$17 50

well either in dark shade of	pikes of purple flowers, doing or in full sun. Very valuable
as border plants and for gr	ound-cover. Each
Small division	
	4 00

HEMEROCALLIS . Day-Lily

Valuable and easily grown perennial plants, blooming abundantly in spring and summer. The large yellow flowers range in color from pale lemon to reddish orange and give a most pleasing contrast with broad-leaved evergreens.

Apricot. Semi-dwarf, with rich, deep yellow flowers. Very early.

Fulva. Flowers large and reddish orange in color. A tall grower and late bloomer.

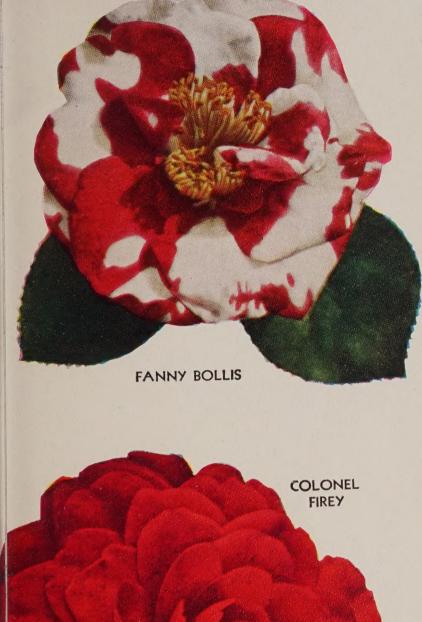
Kwanso. Large, double, orange-copper flowers, produced on long stems late in season.

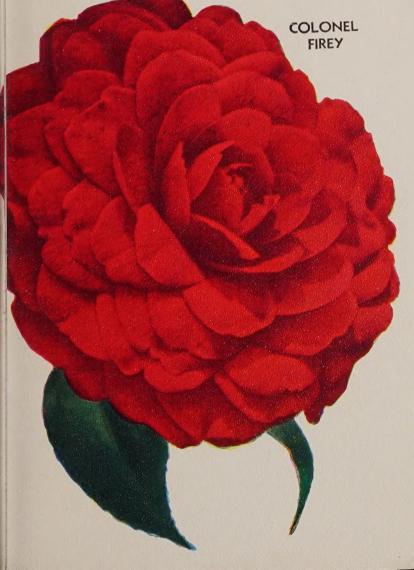
Orangeman. Medium grower and free bloomer. The flowers are produced over a long period and are clear bright orange-yellow in color.

Sovereign. Dwarf to semi-dwarf, with clear light yellow flowers. Early.

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